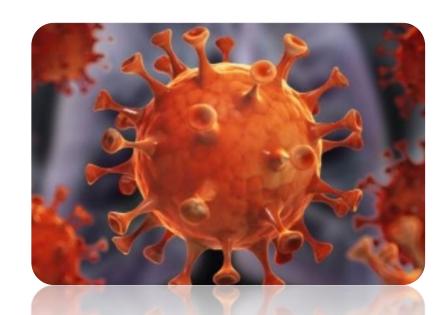


COVID-19

BioRisk Assessment Tool



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TRANSMISSION PATHWAY

Entry portal

DECIDE

HOST

Risk occupation

High risk group

(>60yrs),

comorbidities)

Exposure duration

Direct Exposure

RESP. DROPLET, CONTACT, AIRBORNE

HEALTH EFFECTS

Infection

COVID-19

AGENT

SARS CoV2

SOURCES

Human, body fluids, paper, waste, furniture

ANTICIPATE

IDENTIFY

Semi-direct Exposure

Contaminated hands

Co-morbidities examples:

Hypertension
Chronic lung disease
Chronic liver disease
Chronic kidney disease
Diabetes
Cancer

ENVIRONMENT

Identify high risk areas

Registration desks,

High touch surfaces Doorknobs, waiting areas, bathrooms, stair rails, elevator buttons,

taps

Indirect Exposure

Equipment or objects

RECORDS

IMPLEMENT

REVIEW

UPDATE

Multidisciplinary

HIERACHY OF CONTROLS: EXAMPLES

Elimination Substitution Engineering & Environmental Engineering & Environmental Engineering & Environmental Engineering & Environmental PPE		11210 (3111			
eliminate - IPC Policies (COVID-19) - Exposure unknown &		Administration		Behaviour	PPE
	 eliminate Exposure unknown & unavoidable Job rotation or shift work Limit numbers of workers Remote work Masks: Public, PUI &patients Facilitate testing PUI Virtual meetings One way systems 	 IPC Policies (COVID-19) Early case ID (screening) Vulnerable workers ID Isolation areas 1.5-2m distance Staff training Sanitizers Minimize visitors movements stay home when sick or have sick person at home Communicate risks and inform (updates) Awareness campaigns Monitor compliance Introduce authorisation process for some activities 	 Surface cleaning & disinfection Adequate & effective ventilation Signage, posters Access control Perspex screen/physical barriers Proper and safe waste disposal Rearrange workstations (distance) and activities (one person) Use stairs instead of lifts Isolation rooms for symptomatic Hands free or foot controlled 	 Cooperation with employer and authorities No touching of nose, mouth, eyes Good respiratory etiquette Good hand hygiene practices Non-contact greetings Proper donning and doffing of PPE Compliance with self isolation Prompt reporting of symptoms and travelling Daily self monitoring Encourage and seek 	 Respirators (job) Face shield Gloves First Aiders-aprons Note: PPE do not replace social distancing Clean reusable PPE

improvement

EXAMPLES: EXPOSURE RISK GROUPS

VERY HIGH

HIGH

MEDIUM

LOW









Aerosol generating procedures

COVID 19 samples

COVID 19 suspects/PUI

COVID 19 cases

Porters

Ambulance staff (EMS)

Mortuaries

Staff in wards

High volume settings

Close contact within 2m

COVID 19 suspects

Unknown status

Contact: international travel

No contact within 2m with known COVID case or suspect





EXAMPLES





Healthcare

Laboratories

Healthcare

and support personnel

Retail, schools, labour centres, Waiting areas, consulting rooms, border gates, Police

Minimal occupational contact
with co-workers or general
public

RISK ASSESSMENT & EVALUATION

EXAMPLE 1: SEMI QUANTITATIVE

Consequence (severe, moderate, negligible)

Risk score = Consequence x Frequency x Likelihood

Actions taken based on the risk score

EXAMPLE 2: QUALITATIVE Likelihood of exposure/release Unlikely Possible Likely Consequence of Medium High Very high Severe exposure/release Moderate Low Medium High Negligible Very low Medium Low Laboratory activity/procedure Initial risk **Priority** Is the initial risk (very low, low, medium, above the tolerance (high/medium/low) high, very high) level? (yes/no) Select the overall initial risk. Medium High Very high Very low Low Should work proceed without additional risk □Yes \square No control measures?

When assigning priority, other factors may need to be considered, for example, urgency, feasibility/sustainability of risk control measures, delivery and installation time and training availability,

technical complexity of the workplace

							ACTION PLAN			Risk rating				
Activity	Hazard	Who is affected	Route	Health effects	Baseline controls	Residual Controls	By Who	Date	L	M	н	VH		
Accessing worksite	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -workers -surfaces -Register -stationery	Construction workers Securities Visitors Customers	Contact	COVID19 Fever Cough SOB URT illness Headache	Policies Isolation guideline Sanitizer use Disinfection 1,5-2m distance PPE Fingerprint scanners?	RA (ID vulnerable workers) Screening staff Ventilation Staggered times Remote work	Managers Supervisor	02/05/21				X		
Material	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -Co-workers -Surfaces -Material -Equipment	Drivers Construction Workers Security Delivery staff	Contact	COVID19 Fever Cough SOB URT illness Headache	Policy Sanitizer Less passengers Open windows Masks Screening Cleaning vehicle between use Gloves? Signature devices?	Training Same shift teams Hand wash? Appointments Cashless payment Drop off points	Foreman Supervisor	Immediate		x				

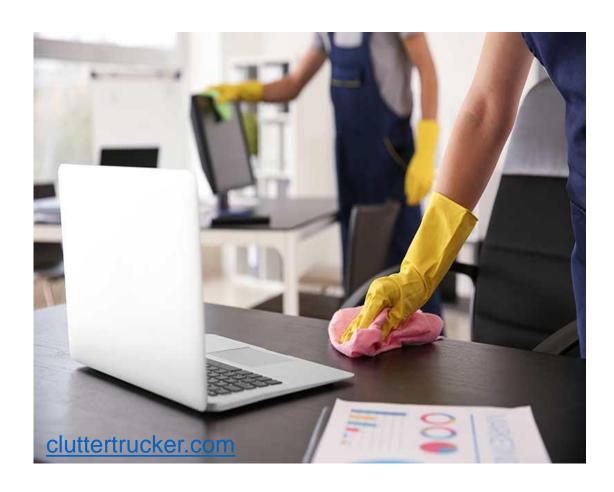
Activity							ACTION	PLAN	F	Risk	rati	ng
	Hazard	Who is affected	Route				By Who	Date	L	M	н	VH
Site meetings	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -co-workers	Construction	Contact Droplet Airborne	Fever Cough SOB URT illness Headache	Sanitizer use Masks Ventilation	Virtual meetings	SHE advisor	07/05/21			X	
Training of	Droplet -Co-workers		Droplet Airborne	COVID19 Fever Cough	Sanitizers Disinfection Online training Masks Limit numbers Open doors and windows	Aircons and fans	IIOC AII	14/05/21	x			

							ACTION	PLAN	R	ng		
Activity	Hazard	Who is affected	Route	Health effects	Baseline controls		By Who	Date	L	M	н	VH
Handling materials		Construction workers	Contact Droplet Airborne	COVID19 Fever Cough SOB URT illness Headache	RA policies Screening 1,5-2m distance Sanitizer use Masks Ventilation Gloves Safety glasses		Managers Supervisor	31/05/21		x		
	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -Co-workers -Surfaces -Machinery	Plant workers	Contact Droplet Airborne	COVID19 Fever Cough SOB URT illness Headache	RA policies Screening Sanitizer use Masks Ventilation Mechanical methods Floor markings	SITE FAMIO	Manager, supervisor	30/04/21	x			

RISK ASSESSMENT: GENERAL

Activity	Hazard	Who is	Route	Health	Baseline	Residual	ACTION	PLAN	R	isk	rati	ng
		affected		effects	controls	Controls	By Who	Date	L	M	Н	VH
Administrative	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -co-workers -surfaces -equipment	Office workers	Contact	COVID19 URT illness Cough Headache Sore throat	RA Policies and SOPs Temp. scan Sanitizer Screening tool Training 1,5- 2m distance	Wash basin? Gloves ?	Director	Immediate	x			
			Possible Airborne		Compulsory Wearing masks Ventilation Cleaning and disinfection Waste disposal Screens	teleworking						
Lunch break duty	Equipment Utensils Co-workers				Limit food sharing Cafeteria onsite -disposable utensils -wrapped food only Stagger breaks	Own food & utensils Stay on-site Gloves for caterers	Manager, shop owner	31/04/21		X		
Accommodation	Co-workers Dormitories	Migrant workers			Adequate rooms Showers, basins	Ventilation, awareness campaigns, screening	Management					
Site inspections	Interviews environment	Inspectors Workers visitors				Signage			x			

CLEANING



Risk factors

- Infectious employees/visitors/public
- Contaminated equipment
- Contaminated surface

Controlling Exposure

- Increase frequency of cleaning
- Hand wash
- Correct Gloves
- Respirator?
- Use correct disinfectant and read SDS
- Policy
- Mask & prompt isolation of symptomatic workers

SECURITY CHECKS



Risk factors

- Items, material, registers
- Infected visitors and delivery staff
- Contact with Colleagues
- Identification card exchange

Controlling Exposure

- Security must complete register
- Screening questionnaire/temp. checks
- No Mask, No entry (staff and clients)
- Hand sanitizing (before and after)
- Policy /SOP/Posters/signage
- High tough surface disinfection
- Shifts (staff rotation same group)
- Training: hazards, risks, controls, sops, symptoms, reporting, self isolation
- View ID without touching
- NO contact or "hands off" searches

COMMON ERRORS OF HRA

- RA is not a once-off process nor a paper exercise
- Workers are not engaged encourage reporting
- RA is outdated or not recorded
- HBA risks are not comprehensive:
 - limited knowledge
 - lack of competency and experience
- Preventive hierarchy not taken into account

RISK COMMUNICATION



SUMMARY

- Anticipate and identify the risks for workers, record and review
- Conduct individual risk assessment and include worker's vulnerability
- Implement practical mitigation strategies by following the hierarchy of controls
- Be vigilant and informed (communicate policies effectively to both workers and public)
 - screening, isolation, quarantine, social distance
- Update the risk assessment with changes and communicate risks
- Consider indirect exposures (Ergonomics, chemicals, legionella, mental health)
- ENFORCE and MONITOR

CONTACT US FOR MORE INFORMATION



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