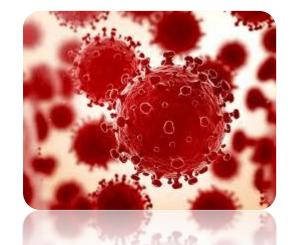


BioRisk Assessment Tool

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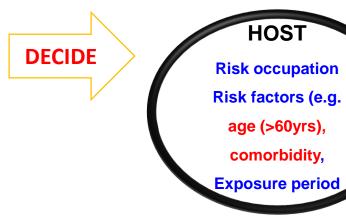
Practice No.: 5200296

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Website: http://www.nhls.ac.za

http://www.nioh.ac.za

TRANSMISSION PATHWAY Entry portal



Direct Exposure

RESP. DROPLET, CONTACT, AIRBORNE

HEALTH EFFECTS

Infection COVID-19/

AGENT

SARS CoV2

SOURCES

Human, body fluids, paper, waste, furniture

ANTICIPATE

IDENTIFY

Semi-direct Exposure Contaminated hands

Co-morbidities examples:

Hypertension
Chronic lung disease
Chronic liver disease
Chronic kidney disease
Diabetes
Cancer

ENVIRONMENT

Identify high risk areas

Registration desks,

Doorknobs, waiting areas, bathrooms, stair rails, elevator buttons,

taps

Indirect Exposure

Equipment or objects

RECORDS

IMPLEMENT

REVIEW

UPDATE

Multidisciplinary

HIERACHY OF CONTROLS: EXAMPLES

Substitution	Elimination/
Substitution	Substitution

Impractical to

- eliminate Exposure unknown &
- Job rotation or shift work

unavoidable

- Limit numbers of **exposed** workers
- Remote work
- Masks: Public
- Facilitate testing PUI
- Eliminate face to face meetings
- One way systems (separate entrance and exit)

Administration

- Risk Assessment
- Vulnerable workers ID
- IPC Policies
- Early case ID (screening)
- Contact tracing and alert
- 1.5-2m distance
- Staff training
- Sanitizers (entry ,exit, offices, communal areas, mobile working)
- Minimize visitors movements
- stay home when sick or have sick person at home
- Communicate risks and inform (updates)
- Awareness campaigns
- Monitor compliance
- Introduce authorisation process for some activities
- Appoint compliance officers

Engineering& **Environmental**

Wash basins and soaps

- Surface cleaning & disinfection
- Adequate &effective ventilation
- Signage, posters, notices
- Access control (intercom)
- Temporary Isolation rooms for **symptomatic**
- Perspex screen/barriers
- Rearrange workstations and tasks (one person)
- Use stairs instead of lifts
- Demarcations and floor markings (shared spaces)
- Proper and safe waste disposal

Induction to inform

Behaviour

- Cooperation with employer and authorities
- No touching of nose, mouth, eyes
- Good respiratory hygiene
- Good hand hygiene practices
- No physical contact
- Compliance with self isolation
- Prompt reporting of symptoms and travelling and
- Encourage and seek feedback for improvement

PPE

- Masks (compulsory)
- Gloves (e.g. cleaners)
- Other (First Aiders)

Note:

- Masks DO NOT to replace social distancing
- Visors DOES NOT replace masks

EXAMPLES: EXPOSURE RISK GROUPS

VERY HIGH

HIGH

MEDIUM

LOW









Aerosol generating procedures

COVID 19 samples

COVID 19 suspects/PUI

COVID 19 cases

Porters

Ambulance staff (EMS)

Mortuaries

Staff in wards

High volume settings

Close contact with 2m

COVID 19 suspects

Unknown status

Contact: international travel

No contact within 2m with known COVID case or suspect





EXAMPLES





Healthcare

Laboratories

Healthcare

and support personnel

Retail, schools, labour centres, Waiting areas, consulting rooms, border gates, Police

Minimal occupational contact
with co-workers or general
public

RISK ASSESSMENT & EVALUATION

EXAMPLE 1: SEMI QUANTITATIVE

Consequence (severe, moderate, negligible)	Frequency) Hazard event occurs (unli					Likelihood nlikely, possible, likely)					
Risk score = Consequence x Likelihood x Frequency						MATRIX					
Actions taken based on the ris	Low D Negligible	Negligible	Low SEVI	Medium ERITY	High						

EXAMPLE 2: QUALITATIVE Likelihood of exposure/release Unlikely Possible Likely Medium Consequence of Severe High Very high exposure/release Medium Moderate Low High Negligible Very low Medium Low Laboratory activity/procedure Initial risk **Priority** Is the initial risk (very low, low, medium, (high/medium/low) above the tolerance high, very high) level? (yes/no) Select the overall initial risk. Very low Medium High Very high Low Should work proceed without additional risk □Yes \square No control measures?

When assigning priority, other factors may need to be considered, for example, urgency, feasibility/sustainability of risk control measures, delivery and installation time and training availability, technical complexity of the workplace

EXAMPLE: RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL

Activity	Hazard	Who is	Route	Health	Baseline	Residual	ACTIO	PLAN	R	isk	rati	ng
		affected		effects	controls	Controls	By Who			M		VH
Registration	SARS-CoV2 Droplet -visitors -surfaces	Security	Contact	COVID-19 Fever/chills SOB Cough	RA Policies and SOPs Sanitizers Screening (combine	Individual RA (vulnerability)	Facility manager	Immediate				
	-equipment -Access cards -pen and			Headache Sore throat Loss of smell/taste	tools) Social distance 1,5- 2m	Wash basin?	Health and safety manager					
	paper	Registration clerks	Possible Airborne	Redness of eyes Fatigue/tiredness Nausea/diarrhoea	Compulsory Wearing of masks Adequate Ventilation Cleaning and disinfection Waste bins	Gloves ?				x		
Presenting evidence	Papers/files Co-workers	Judge magistrates Prosecutors Lawyers			Awareness		Magistrate Chief Judge					
Recording of proceedings	Recorder	IT staff/info services personnel/media			One operator	automated system						
Meetings		Staff			Virtual meeting	Restrict numbers attending and/or time						
Court hearing/Trials	Public, visitors Staff, contractors	Judiciary staff Police/wardens			Avoid overcrowding Limit operating hours	if online not possible + other measures						

RISK ASSESSMENT: ADMINISTRATIVE

Activity	Hazard	Who is affected	Route	Health effects	Baseline controls	Residual Controls	ACTION By Who	DI ANI	Risk rating				
								Date	L	M	Н	VH	
Document contro	Droplet -co-workers -surfaces -equipment	Office workers -admin -clerks	Contact	COVID19 URT illness Cough Headache Sore throat	RA Policies and SOPs Temp. scan Sanitizer Screening tool Training Social distance	Individual RA (vulnerability) Wash basin?	HOD Director	Immediate		X			
Responding to calls of staff	PCs, laptops	IT staff	Possible Airborne		1,5- 2m Compulsory Wearing masks Ventilation Cleaning and disinfection Waste disposal Screens	Gloves ? Avoid overcrowding offices				x			
Lunch break duty	Equipment Utensils Co-workers				Limit food sharing Limit numbers by room size.	Own utensils				X			
Training of staff Meetings	Staff Staff				Virtual training Online (Zoom/teams)	Limit numbers and time if online not possible + other			X				
Audits	Auditors,				Virtual audits	measures Stagger work times to			X				
Travel to & from work (public)	offices Staff (and public)				Private car; shared with same people; open windows	1			X				

HOUSE KEEPING



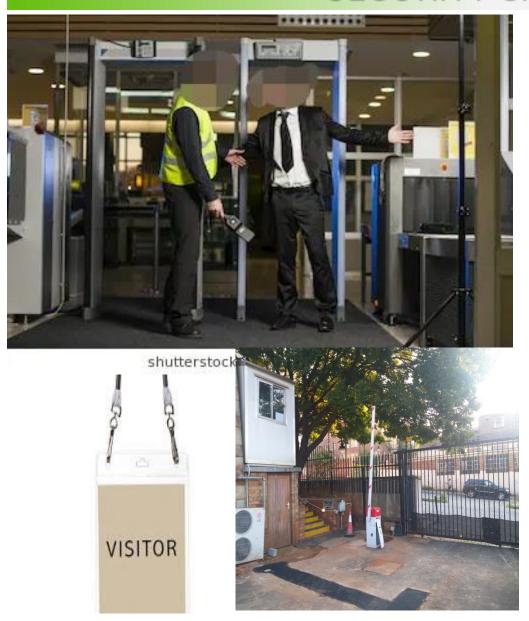
Risk factors

- Infected employees/visitors/public
- Asymptomatic individuals
- Contaminated equipment
- Contaminated surface

Controlling Exposure

- Utility (domestic rubber) gloves
- Hand wash with soap (~20sec)
- Use correct disinfectant (training)
- Policies and work instructions
- Mask & prompt isolation of symptomatic and positive workers
- Quarantine of PUI

SECURITY CHECKS



Risk factors

- Searching handbags
- Infected visitors and PUI
- Contact with Colleagues
- Identification card exchange

Controlling Exposure

- Screening questionnaire/temp. checks
- Compulsory Mask wearing
- Hand sanitizing (before and after)
- Policy /SOP/Posters/signage
- High tough surface disinfection
- Shifts (staff rotation same group)
- Awareness: hazards, risks, controls, sops, symptoms, reporting, self isolation
- View ID without touching
- NO contact bag checks or "hands off" searches

COMMON ERRORS OF HRA

- RA is seen as once-off process
- Regarded as a paper or tick-box exercise
- Workers are not involved encourage reporting
- RA is not documented sometimes or is outdated
- HBA risks are not assessed fully: limited knowledge and lack of competency and experience
- Preventive hierarchy not taken into account

RISK COMMUNICATION



CONCLUSION

- PREPARE, PLAN, RESPOND AND ENFORCE
- Anticipate and identify exposure risks for workers, record and review
- Conduct individual risk assessment (worker's vulnerability)
- IPC policy for workers and public (screening, isolation, quarantine, social distance)
- Implement practical mitigation strategies where NECESSARY
- Follow hierarchy of controls
- Be vigilant and informed
- Update the risk assessment with changes
- Communicate risks and inform workers and the public visitors
- Inform coworkers of possible exposure, while ensuring confidentiality

THANK YOU



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