# BRANCH: INSPECTION AND ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

CHIEF DIRECTORATE: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH &

SAFETY

**DIRECTORATE: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH &** 

**HYGIENE** 

#### REQUIRED PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES











## **CONTENTS**

- Legislative requirements
- Specific regulations and risk assessment
- Updating the risk assessment
- Results of risk assessment
- Legislated controls measures
- Control of exposure
- COVID-19 outbreak
- Social dialogue during COVID-19
- Conclusion

- EMPLOYER
  - Section 8 (2) (d) of OHS Act
    - <u>identify</u> hazard at the workplace
    - establish precautionary <u>measures</u> to protect
    - **provide** means to apply precautionary measures
  - General Safety Regulations
    - regulation 2 supports the above Section of the OHS Act

Online Services

Newsroom

employment & labour

Employment and Labour REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Contacts

About Us







Resource Centre

Tenders

Jobs

**COVID** FREQUENTLY

Related Links











Quick Links

COVID-19 Workplace preparedness guide

Compensation for occupationally

Home About Us Contacts Online Services Newsroom Resource Centre Tenders Jobs



Regulations



Resource Centre
Department of Labour > Documents
Acts
Bills
Codes of Good Practice
Forms
How's To and Basic Guidlines
Reports
Publication

Home

About Us

Contacts

Online Services

Newsroom

Resource Centre

Tenders

Jobs







#### Act

Department of Labour > Documents > Acts

#### Acts



Home

About Us

Contacts

Online Services

Newsroom

Resource Centre

Tenders

Jobs

2





#### Acts

Department of Labour > Documents > Acts

#### Acts



Name



Amended Act - Occupational Health and Safety



Amended Act - Occupational Health and Safety



Occupational Health and Safety Act, 1993



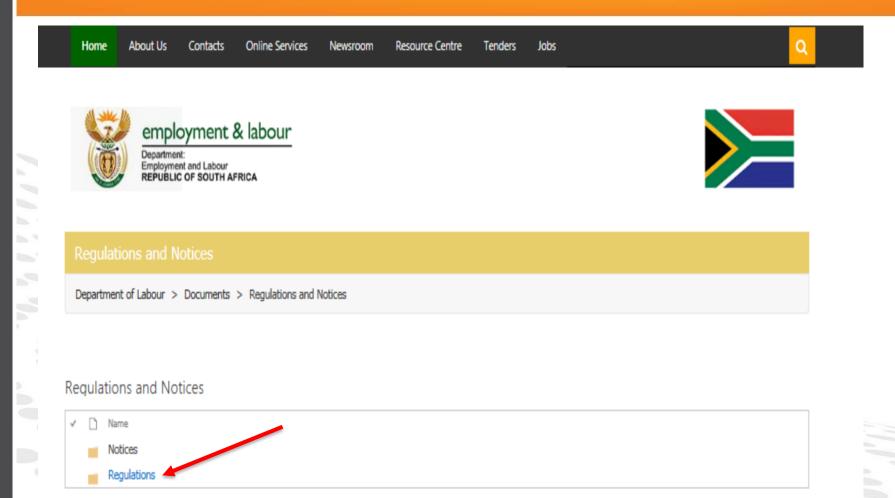
Home About Us Contacts Online Services Newsroom Resource Centre Tenders Jobs



Regulations 4



Resource Centre
Department of Labour > Documents
Acts
Bills
Codes of Good Practice
Forms
How's To and Basic Guidlines
Reports
Publication



Home

About Us

Contacts

Online Services

Newsroom

Resource Centre

Tenders

Jobs

Q





#### Regulations and Notices

Department of Labour > Documents > Regulations and Notices

#### Regulations and Notices



- Basic Conditions of Employment
- Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases
- Employment Equity
- Occupational Health and Safety
- Skills Development Act
- Unemployment Insurance Fund

- 6 Regulations require a risk assessment to be conducted by an employer for specific hazards in the workplace
  - biological agents
  - noise
  - ergonomics (physical, cognitive & organisational)
  - chemical agents

- The regulations also specify what factors should be taken into account when conducting a risk assessment
- Regulations for Hazardous Biological Agents 6 (3) -
- (3) When making the assessment, the employer or self-employed person shall keep a record of the assessment and take into account matters such as—
  - the nature and dose of the HBA to which an employee may be exposed and the suspected route of exposure;
  - (b) where the HBA might be present and in what physical form it is likely to be;
  - the nature of the work, process and any reasonable deterioration in, or failure of, any control measures;
  - (d) what effects the HBA can have on an employee; and
  - (e) the period of exposure.

#### **Updating the Risk Assessments**

- The regulations also specify when to review a risk assessment
  - such assessment is no longer valid;
  - control measures are no longer effective;
  - technological or scientific advances allow for more effective control methods;
  - there has been a change in—
    - the work methods;
    - the type of work carried out; or
    - the type of equipment used to control the exposure; and
  - an incident occurs or medical surveillance reveals an adverse health effect, where ergonomic risks are identified as a contributing factor.

### **Updating the Risk Assessments...2**

- if COVID-19 has not been previously included in the existing risk assessment, then it is no longer valid and therefore needs to be updated
- take this opportunity to relook at other hazard which might have arisen as a result of the outbreak
  - new chemicals
  - stress, anxiety, depression
  - burnout/longer hours of work
  - manual handling and awkward postures
  - prolonged use of ppe

# **Results of Risk Assessment**



### **Legislated Control Measures**

- Occupational Health and Hygiene Regulations follow a similar format;
  - Information and Training
    - all regulations prescribe the minimum contents of information and training programmes
    - Constant supervision
  - Duties of those exposed
    - employees/visitors/contractors also have responsibilities
    - in line with Section 14 of OHS Act
  - Risk assessment/ assessment of exposure
  - Monitoring
    - quantitative assessment to determine exposure levels
    - Some hazards must be monitored by an OH AIA
  - Medical surveillance
    - baseline, periodic and exit for appropriate medical examinations and test
    - risk based

### **Legislated Control Measures...2**

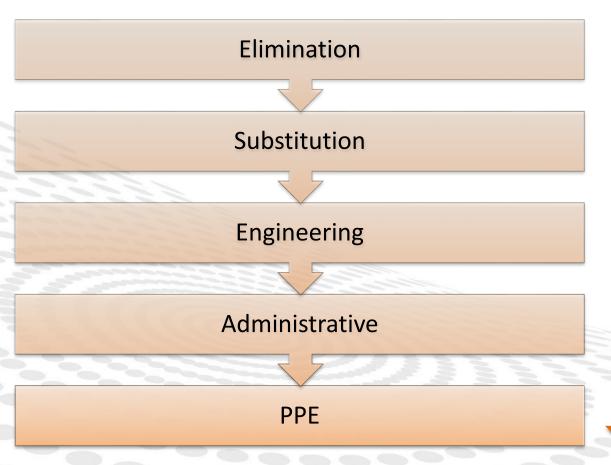
- Occupational Health and Hygiene Regulations follow a similar format;
  - Record keeping
    - What must be kept (risk assessment, monitoring reports, medical surveillance and training records)
    - for how long (30 40-years/period of employment for training)
  - Control of exposure
    - hierarchy of exposure
  - Personal protective equipment and facilities
    - refers to all ppe
    - capable of preventing exposure
    - correctly selected and fitted and properly used and stored
    - information and training provided
    - kept in good condition and efficient working order

### **Legislated Control Measures...3**

- Occupational Health and Hygiene Regulations follow a similar format;
  - Maintenance of control measures, equipment and facilities
    - all control measures, equipment and facilities implemented and required by the Regulations must be maintained and in good working order
    - Some Regulations require special tests and examinations of engineering controls, by a OH AIA
  - Prohibitions
    - Using compressed air for cleaning any surface or person
    - eating, drinking, smoking or keeping of food, beverages

# **Control of Exposure**

#### **Hierarchy of Controls**



Hazard removed

Hazard still present

Employer should implement a combination of control measures

# **Control of Exposure...2**

- Regulations require that the following control measures be implemented, where reasonably practicable;
  - limiting the quantity of the hazard
  - limiting the number of employees exposed to the hazard
  - limiting the period of exposure
  - substituting of a less hazardous hazard
  - process separation, automation or enclosure
  - local extraction ventilation
  - general ventilation
  - separation of different workplaces
  - access control to prevent unauthorised access
  - work procedures
    - safe handling, use and disposal
    - maintenance
    - cleaning

### **COVID-19 Outbreak**

STAATSKOERANT, 29 APRIL 2020

No. 43257 3

#### Government Notices • Goewermentskennisgewings

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

NO. 479 29 APRIL 2020

DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR

COVID-19 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY MEASURES IN WORKPLACES COVID-19 (C19 OHS), 2020

### **COVID-19 Outbreak**

- COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety Measures in Workplaces
- additional measures to be implemented during the COVID-19 outbreak, by employers
  - administrative measures
  - social distancing
  - symptom screening
  - sanitisers, disinfecting and other measures
  - cloth masks
  - public access to the workplace
  - ventilation
  - other PPE

### **COVID-19 Outbreak**

- COVID-19 Occupational Health and Safety Measures in Workplaces
- additional measures to be implemented during the COVID-19 outbreak, by employers
  - administrative measures
  - social distancing
  - symptom screening
  - sanitisers, disinfecting and other measures
  - cloth masks
  - public access to the workplace
  - ventilation
  - other PPE

### **Social Dialogue during the COVID-19 Outbreak**

#### **Employers and their organisations**

- Collaborate with government to shape policy measures that are conducive for business resilience and sustainability
- Observe advice/guidance provided by public authorities
- Communicate critical information to employees
- review or draw up a business continuity plan
- Identify and mitigate risks of contagion to workers
- Promote workplace hygiene

#### Workers and their organisations

- Participate in decision-making and policy responses to epidemics
- Actively cooperate with employers in the implementation of the preventive and protective measures.
- Strictly follow the workplace hygiene practices and adopt a responsible behaviours

ILO: In the face of pandemic: Ensuring safety and health at work, 2020

### Conclusion

- Update existing risk assessments, not only for COVID-19, but also other hazards which might have been introduced
- Implement applicable control measures in order to reduce exposure and maintain them
- The effectiveness of control measures requires a collaboration between employers, unions and employees

